The **somedefs** toolkit package

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long time ago in a different century...

This file is maintained by the \LaTeX\ Project team. Bug reports can be opened (category tools) at [https://latex-project.org/bugs.html](https://latex-project.org/bugs.html).

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**Overview**

This is an example ‘programmers toolkit’ package, for use by package writers. It allows package writers to provide options which switch definitions on and off. For example, a package *fred* might define a large number of commands, including \texttt{\foo} and \texttt{\baz}, so:

\begin{verbatim}
\usepackage{fred}
\end{verbatim}

would use a lot of memory, even if \texttt{\foo} and \texttt{\baz} were the only commands needed. However, if the author of \texttt{fred} used the \texttt{somedefs} package, then the user would be able to say:

\begin{verbatim}
\usepackage[only,foo,baz]{fred}
\end{verbatim}

and only the commands \texttt{\foo} and \texttt{\baz} would be defined.

To use the \texttt{somedefs} package in your own packages or classes, you say:

\begin{verbatim}
\ RequirePackage{somedefs}
\end{verbatim}

You can then use four new commands:

- \texttt{\UseAllDefinitions} which says that all the commands in the file should be defined.
- \texttt{\UseSomeDefinitions} which says that only the commands specified by \texttt{\UseDefinition} should be defined.
- \texttt{\UseDefinition{⟨name⟩}} which says that the command \texttt{\name} should be defined.
- \texttt{\ProvidesDefinition{⟨definition⟩}} which provides one definition, of the form \texttt{\definingcommand\command}...
For example, the package \texttt{fred} could say:

\begin{verbatim}
\RequirePackage{somedefs}
\UseAllDefinitions
\DeclareOption{only}{\UseSomeDefinitions}
\DeclareOption*{\UseDefinition{\CurrentOption}}
\ProcessOptions
\ProvidesDefinition{\newcommand{\foo}{...}}
\ProvidesDefinition{\newcommand{\baz}{...}}
\end{verbatim}

One of the commands \texttt{\UseAllDefinitions} or \texttt{\UseSomeDefinitions} should always be used. You may have some commands which need other commands, in which case you have to declare the options by hand. For example, if the command \texttt{\bar} needs the command \texttt{\foo}, you could say:

\begin{verbatim}
\DeclareOption{bar}{\UseDefinition{bar}\UseDefinition{foo}}
\end{verbatim}

For a longer example of the use of the \texttt{somedefs} package, look at the \texttt{rawfonts} package.

\section*{Implementation}

The driver for the documentation you're now reading.

\begin{verbatim}
\def\UseSomeDefinitions{\let\ ProvidesDefinition\@providesdefinition}
\def\UseAllDefinitions{\let\ ProvidesDefinition\@firstofone}
\def\UseDefinition#1{\expandafter\let\csname#1\endcsname\@unprovided@definition}
\def\ProvidesDefinition#1{\PackageError{somedefs}{No \texttt{\UseSomeDefinitions} or \texttt{\string\UseAllDefinitions}}}
\end{verbatim}
The package which used the ‘somedefs’ package has an error.

\def\@providesdefinition#1{%\@provides@definition#1\relax
  \@provides@definition}
\def\@provides@definition#1#2#3\@provides@definition{%
  \ifx#2\@unprovided@definition
    #1#2#3%
  \fi
}\def\@unprovided@definition{%
  \PackageError{somedefs}{Package 'somedefs' error: this command was never defined}{You have requested a command which does not exist.}%
}\onlypreamble\UseSomeDefinitions
\onlypreamble\UseAllDefinitions
\onlypreamble\UseDefinition
\onlypreamble\ProvidesDefinition
\onlypreamble\@providesdefinition
\onlypreamble\@provides@definition

That's it!

~/package