The authoryear-icomp style

This style combines the features of authoryear-ibid and authoryear-comp. It will implicitly enable the sortcites package option at load time. This style is intended for citations given in footnotes.

Additional package options

The ibidpage option

The scholarly abbreviation ibidem is sometimes taken to mean both ‘same author + same title’ and ‘same author + same title + same page’ in traditional citation schemes. By default, this is not the case with this style because it may lead to ambiguous citations. With ibidpage=true a page range postnote will be suppressed in an ibidem citation if the last citation was to the same page range. With ibidpage=false the postnote is not omitted. Citations to different page ranges than the previous always produce the page ranges with either setting. The default setting is ibidpage=false. Consider the following example citations

\cite[378]{sigfridsson}
\cite[378]{sigfridsson}
\cite[12]{worman}
\cite[13]{worman}

If ibidpage is set to true, the citations come out as

Sigfridsson and Ryde 1998, p. 378
ibid.
Worman 2002, p. 12
ibid., p. 13

The result for ibidpage=false is

Sigfridsson and Ryde 1998, p. 378
ibid., p. 378
Worman 2002, p. 12
ibid., p. 13

The dashed option

By default, this style replaces recurrent authors/editors in the bibliography by a dash so that items by the same author or editor are visually grouped. This feature is controlled by the package option dashed. Setting dashed=false in the preamble will disable this feature. The default setting is dashed=true.

The mergedate option

Since this style prints the date label after the author/editor in the bibliography, there are effectively two dates in the bibliography: the full date specification (e.g., “2001”, “June 2006”, “5th Jan. 2008”, whose format is controlled by the
date option) and the date label (e.g., “2006a”, whose format is controlled with the labeldate option), as found in citations. The mergedate option controls whether or not date specifications are merged with the date label. This option is best explained by example. Note that it only affects the bibliography. Citations use the date label only.

Doe 2000
Doe 2003a
Doe 2003b
Doe 2006a
Doe 2006b
Doe 2017

mergedate=false strictly separates the date specification (following date) from the date label (following labeldate). The year will always be printed twice:


mergedate=minimum omits the date whenever the full date and the date label have exactly the same precision (date-time granularity).


mergedate=basic is similar in concept but more economical. It will also omit the date if it differs from the date label only by extradate.


mergedate=compact merges all date specifications with the date labels. The merged date is printed in date format, not labeldate, even if it is printed in
the position of the date label. The issue field is still treated specially:


mergedate=maximum strives for maximum compactness. Like mergedate=compact this option merges the date into the date label. Even the issue field is merged with the date label:


mergedate=true is an alias for mergedate=compact. This is the default setting.

**Hints**

If you want terms such as *ibidem* to be printed in italics, redefine \texttt{\textbackslash mkibid} as follows:

\texttt{\textbackslash renewcommand\{\textbackslash mkibid\}{\textbackslash emph}}

\texttt{\textbackslash footcite \textbf{examples}}

This is just filler text\[1\] This is just filler text\[2\] This is just filler text\[3\]
This is just filler text.

\footnote{Knuth 1986a\textsuperscript{a,b,c}.}
\footnote{Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994, p. 55.}
\footnote{Ibid., p. 55.}
References

