LuaTeX

Version 1.00

ConTeXt meeting — September 2016
After ten years of stepwise development and experimenting we release version 1.00 of LuaT\TeX\ during the 10\textsuperscript{th} Con\TeX\t meeting in the Netherlands, September 2016.

The interface is now rather stable and will not change significantly which means that one can write stable packages.

So, it’s time for a bit reflection as well as time to tell what we will be doing next.
Around 2005, after we talked a bit about it, Hartmut added the Lua scripting language to pdfTEX as an experiment.

This add-on was inspired by the Lua extension to the Scite editor that I (still) use.
One could query counter registers and box dimensions and print strings to the \TeX input buffer.

The Oriental \TeX project then made it possible to go forward and come up with a complete interface.

For this, Taco converted the code base from Pascal to C, an impressive effort.
We spent more than a year intensively discussing, testing and implementing the interface between \TeX{} and Lua.

In successive years we polished things and extended bits and pieces.

The last few years we cleaned up, filled in gaps and reached the point where we were more or less satisfied.
The core is still traditional \TeX, but extended with pdf\TeX protrusion and expansion (reworked) and directional features from Aleph (cleaned up).
The font subsystem accept now wide fonts.

The hyphenation machinery can use runtime loaded (and extended) patterns.

Hyphenation, ligaturing, kerning are separated.

Most steps in processing node lists can be intercepted using callbacks.

The math machinery has opentype math code paths.
All in- and output can be controlled and intercepted.

The backend code has been separated better.

You can write (simple) parsers.

Nodes can be accessed and manipulated.

Images and reusable boxes are now native.
The project is driven by ConTExxt users and ConTExxt development.

Right from the start ConTExxt supported LuaTEx.

This means that most mechanisms have been tested in production.

Raw performance is less than 8 bit pdfTEX but in practice and on modern machines LuaTEx behaves well.
We will continue development, but functionality will stay stable within versions. Of course bugs will be fixed.

The code will be further streamlined and documented. We deliberately postponed some cleanup till after version 1.00.

Of course the manual will be improved over time.
Hans Hagen
Hartmut Henkel
Taco Hoekwater
Luigi Scarso

many thanks to all the early adopters
Some ideas (1)

So far we managed to avoid extensions beyond those needed as part of the opening up.

We stick close to Don Knuths concepts so that existing documentation still conceptually applies. We keep our promise of not adding to the core.

We might open up (make configureable) some of the still hard coded properties.
Some ideas (2)

Some node lists can use a bit of (non critical) cleanup, for instance passive nodes, local par nodes, and other left-overs. Maybe we should add missing left/right skips.
Some ideas (3)

We can optimize some callback resolution (more direct) so that we can gain a little performance.
Some ideas (4)

Inheritance of attributes needs checking and maybe we need to permits some more explicit settings.
Some ideas (5)

Bring some more code to the api file. Use the global PDF and Lua states consistently. Some macros can probably go away.
Some ideas (6)

Minimize return values of Lua functions; only return nil when we expect multiple calls in one line.
Some ideas (7)

Figure out a way to deal with literals in virtual characters (relates to font switching in the result).
Some ideas (8)

Maybe reorganize some code so that documentation is easier.
See if we can stick close to what Don Knuth documents.
Some ideas (9)

Cleanup and isolate the backend a bit more. Maybe add a bit more options to delegate to Lua. Get rid of some historic PDF artifacts.
Some ideas (10)

It is tempting to think of a (lean and mean) LuaTex variant for ConTEXt.

We will not touch stable unless it concerns bug fixes, but we will expose ConTEXt users to the experimental branch (as we do now).

So . . . be prepared.