The author-year style

This style implements the author-year citation scheme.

Additional package options

The dashed option

By default, this style replaces recurrent authors/editors in the bibliography by a dash so that items by the same author or editor are visually grouped. This feature is controlled by the package option `dashed`. Setting `dashed=false` in the preamble will disable this feature. The default setting is `dashed=true`.

The mergedate option

Since this style prints the date label after the author/editor in the bibliography, there are effectively two dates in the bibliography: the full date specification (e.g., “2001”, “June 2006”, “5th Jan. 2008”, whose format is controlled by the `date` option) and the date label (e.g., “2006a”, whose format is controlled with the `labeldate` option), as found in citations. The `mergedate` option controls whether or not date specifications are merged with the date label. This option is best explained by example. Note that it only affects the bibliography. Citations use the date label only.

Doe 2000
Doe 2003a
Doe 2003b
Doe 2006a
Doe 2006b
Doe 2017

`mergedate=false` strictly separates the date specification (following `date`) from the date label (following `labeldate`). The year will always be printed twice:


`mergedate=minimum` omits the date whenever the full date and the date label have exactly the same precision (date-time granularity).


`mergedate=basic` is similar in concept but more economical. It will also omit
the date if it differs from the date label only by `extradate`.


`mergedate=compact` merges all date specifications with the date labels. The merged date is printed in `date` format, not `labeldate`, even if it is printed in the position of the date label. The `issue` field is still treated specially:


`mergedate=maximum` strives for maximum compactness. Like `mergedate=compact` this option merges the date into the date label. Even the `issue` field is merged with the date label:


`mergedate=true` is an alias for `mergedate=compact`. This is the default setting.

\cite examples

Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994
Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994, p. 59
see Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994
see Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994, pp. 59–63

\parencite examples

This is just filler text (Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994).
This is just filler text (Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994, p. 59).
This is just filler text (see Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994).
This is just filler text (see Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994, pp. 59–63).

\parencite* examples

Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin show that this is just filler text (1994).
\footcite examples
This is just filler text.  
This is just filler text.  
This is just filler text.  
This is just filler text.

\textcite examples
Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin (1994) show that this is just filler text.  
Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin (1994, p. 59) show that this is just filler text.  
Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin (see 1994) show that this is just filler text.  
Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin (see 1994, pp. 59–63) show that this is just filler text.

\autocite examples
This is just filler text (Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994).  
Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin show that this is just filler text (1994).

Multiple citations
Knuth 1986b; Aristotle 1929; Knuth 1986a; Aristotle 1968; Aristotle 1877

Shorthand examples
KpV | KU

\footnote{Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994}
\footnote{Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994, p. 59.}
\footnote{See Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994}
\footnote{See Goossens, Mittelbach, and Samarin 1994, pp. 59–63.}
References


